# Lake Mills School District <br> Year at a Glance Scope and Sequence for Music 

## Overarching Goal of the Curricular Area: Students will be able to effectively create, perform and understand music for a variety of purposes.

$7^{\text {th }}$ Grade Choir

| Unit Theme | Unit Goal | Enduring Understandings for the Unit | Essential Questions for the Unit |
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| Building a Choral Community | Students will understand that a choir can be a community. Students will get to know each other and start to build trust within the group Students will become comfortable hearing themselves sing in a group. Students will become comfortable singing with other members of the choir. | Becoming a community (vs. a group of people) takes time to develop. <br> A choir is a community and as such personal connections make the group a stronger unit. <br> Music can bring people together and help make connections between them. | What elements make a group of people a community? <br> How can music bring people together? |
| Music Theory \& Sight Singing | Students will begin to recognize and understand basic music theory, including note names \& rhythm. Students will understand and apply basic music terminology to their choral music. | Music has a language that allows performers to recreate a composer's intentions to the fullest extent. <br> Theory comprehension is a long-term process | Why is it important for musicians to understand music theory? <br> When and why was written music created? |


|  | Students will begin to develop the tools and knowledge of reading music without the use of an instrument. (Sight-singing) <br> Students will learn solfege syllables and hand signs as a building block of sight-singing. |  |  |
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| Performing | Students will be able to perform and assess a variety of music. <br> Students will understand that a focused rehearsal is essential to a successful performance. <br> Students will learn and apply respected concert etiquette as a performer and as an audience member. This will apply to formal concert settings as well as informal classroom performances. | There are specific guidelines that performers and audience members follow to show respect. <br> Thorough preparation helps to overcome performance problems and anxieties. | What is the responsibility of each ensemble member to the whole of the group? <br> Is concert etiquette the same in every performance venue? <br> Why do people share music with an audience? |
| Vocal <br> Technique | Students will begin to understand how to use their body to sing in a healthy way. <br> Students will begin to understand how | What you do with your body directly affects how you sound as a singer. <br> A singer's body is their instrument and it is always changing. <br> Each voice is unique. | Are singers born or taught? <br> Why don't singers sound the same? |


|  | their vocal mechanism works. |  |  |
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| Solo and Small Ensemble Singing | Students will have the opportunity to perform a solo or small ensemble for an adjudicator and/or their peers. <br> Students will begin to build confidence as a performer by singing alone or in small groups. | Performing alone and in small groups enhances students' musicianship and confidence. <br> Performing alone or in a small group gets easier with repetition. | What is the difference between singing alone versus singing in a large ensemble? <br> What are the challenges that occur in singing alone vs. as a part of section in a large group? <br> How does participating in the solo and ensemble event enrich the musical experience? |

# Lake Mills School District <br> Year at a Glance Scope and Sequence for Music 

## Overarching Goal of the Curricular Area: Students will be able to effectively create, perform and understand music for a variety of purposes.

$8^{\text {th }}$ Grade Choir

| Unit Theme | Unit Goal | Enduring Understandings for the Unit | Essential Questions for the Unit |
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| Building a Choral Community | Students will become comfortable singing with other members of the choir. <br> Students will celebrate each other's successes in singing accomplishments. | A choir is a community that has unique qualities. <br> A single person influences the dynamic of an entire group. <br> An effective choir consists of individual confident singers. | What makes choir unique? <br> What is the difference between a group of people and a community? <br> Why is it important for a choir to become a community? |
| Music Theory \& Sight Singing | Students will increase their understanding of basic music theory. Students will continue to develop sight- singing skills. | Theory comprehension is essential in order to become a well-rounded, independent musician. <br> Reading music is a skill that can help move you forward as a musician and can be applied to all areas of study. (choir, band, piano, strings, etc.) | How does understanding music theory enhance the experience of learning music? <br> People can sing without written music, why is it important for them to learn how to read it? |
| Performing | Students will be able to assess a various styles of music. <br> Students will be able to perform a various styles of music. | A high quality musical performance goes beyond the notes on the page. <br> The authentic performance of different styles of music requires knowledge of the culture and time period. | What makes a performance musical? <br> What makes a performance an emotional experience? <br> Why do musicians strive for "perfection" if it is not a reasonable goal to attain? |
| Vocal Development | Students will increase their understanding on how to sing in a healthy way. <br> Students will | Bodies are constantly changing and growing and so is the voice. <br> Understanding your body helps you understand and enjoy your voice. | Why should I sing if I can't control my voice? <br> Is the way your voice "feels" when you sing, always an accurate indication of how it sounds to other people? |


|  | understand how <br> their voices are <br> changing as their <br> bodies grow. |  |  |
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| Solo and Small <br> Ensemble <br> singing | Students will <br> perform a solo or <br> small ensemble <br> for an adjudicator <br> and/or their <br> peers. | Performing alone and in small groups <br> is an enjoyable part of being a singer. <br> Getting comfortable singing alone <br> happens through a process of many <br> supportive risk-taking opportunities. <br> Students will <br> build confidence <br> in singing by <br> themselves. <br> Students will <br> build confidence <br> as a performer. | When should I try to sing alone part of a choir? <br> event like Solo and Ensemble the individual musical <br> experience? |

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Overarching Goal of the Curricular Area: Students will be able to effectively create, perform and understand music for a variety of purposes.

Women's L-Cat Choir \& Men's Choir ( $\mathbf{9}^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ Grade)

| Unit Theme | Unit Goal | Enduring Understandings for the Unit | Essential Questions for the Unit |
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| Building a Choral Community | Students will discover and become comfortable using their singing voice. Students will become comfortable singing with all the members of the choir. Students will become comfortable with students from multiple grade levels, backgrounds, and interests. | Single gender choirs create a unique group dynamics <br> A choir is made up of a diverse group of people sharing common goals. <br> An effective choir consists of individual confident singers. <br> Communities grow and change. | What makes choir unique from other groups? <br> When is single gender grouping a good thing? <br> What is the difference between a community vs. a group of people? |
| Concerts/ <br> Performances | Students will be able to perform a variety of choral music with confidence. <br> Students will assess themselves in a musically intelligent way. <br> Students will understand and demonstrate good concert etiquette as a performer and as | Music performed with a single gender group has a unique sound. <br> A high quality musical performance goes beyond the notes on the page. <br> Different concert settings imply specific expectations from the audience as well as the performers. | What makes a piece of music "moving" to the listener? <br> What is the responsibility of each ensemble member to the members of the audience? <br> If music is an aural art, why is the visual element so impactful to the audience? |


|  | an audience member |  |  |
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| Vocal Health and Hearing Health | Students will begin to understand how to sing in a healthy way. Students will understand their role \& responsibility in their personal singing and hearing health | Men and Women have different vocal challenges <br> A singer's body is their instrument. <br> How a person treats their body directly affects their vocal/singing health. | Are singers born or taught? <br> Why doesn't a person's voice sound the same every time they sing? <br> What is the connection between hearing and music? |
| Solo and small ensemble singing | Students will perform a solo or small ensemble for an adjudicator and/or their peers. <br> Students will experience intense music study on challenging music. <br> They will build confidence as a performer. | Performing alone and in small groups enhances students' musicianship. <br> Singing is a shared art form. | Why do people think singing a solo is harder than singing in a group? <br> What are the challenges that occur in singing alone vs. as a part of section in a large group? <br> How does participating in the solo and ensemble event enrich the musical experience? |
| Composition/ Improvisation | Students will improvise melodic and rhythmic multi- layered pieces Students will write simple melodies within specified guidelines Students will improvise ostinato patterns to create an accompaniment | Composition can start with playful improvisation. <br> Improvising is not scary. <br> Everyone can compose. | Why is music so important to visual media? <br> What is the essence that makes a musical piece "original"? |


| Theory \& Sight Singing | Students will be able to recognize and understand basic music note/rhythm reading and music vocabulary. <br> Students will begin to develop sight-singing strategies and skills. <br> Students will develop an understanding and apply the concepts of Major scales and Major Key signatures to the piano. | Music has a language that allows performers to recreate a composer's intentions to the fullest extent. <br> Theory comprehension is a long-term process. <br> Most music is structured around a tonal center often based on a sequence of intervals, which produce scales. | How does understanding music theory enhance the experience of learning and performing music? <br> What makes music sound organized rather than random? |
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## Lake Mills School District

Year at a Glance Scope and Sequence for Music

## Overarching Goal of the Curricular Area: Students will be able to effectively create, perform and understand music for a variety of purposes.

Concert Choir (11 ${ }^{\text {th }}-12^{\text {th }}$ Grade)

| Unit Theme | Unit Goal | Enduring Understandings for the Unit | Essential Questions for the Unit |
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| Building Leadership in a community | Students will understand the importance and the relationship leaders have to a group. <br> Students will explore how they are part of the leadership within their group. | Good Leadership is essential to the forward progress of any group. <br> Leadership can be shared and can look like many different things. <br> Each person is responsible for the success of the group. <br> Communities grow and change. | What are the characteristics of a quality leader and what are their responsibilities to the group? <br> Does every group have a leader? (Appointed or not) <br> Is leadership necessary to success? <br> In what ways is a group responsible for their leadership? |
| Large Group Festival | Students will prepare and perform 4-part choral pieces that are at the class A or B level. <br> Students will work with an outside conductor and receive valuable feedback of their performance. | Preparing quality, challenging music takes time, persistence, and selfdiscipline. <br> Personal and group growth happens through self-reflection and outside feedback. | Why do people put themselves in the position of being judged by others? <br> How do people deal with being judged - whether real or imaginary. <br> How/when can being judged by other people be a positive thing OR a negative thing? |
| Piano | Students will be able to play major and minor scales on the piano. <br> Students will be able to play some of their choral vocal lines on the piano. | You do not have to be able to play the piano extremely well for it to be a useful tool for a singer. <br> The many patterns in music theory can be easier to see, feel, and understand when using a piano as the reference point. <br> Major and minor scales consist of unique intervallic patterns. | Why should a singer care about how music translates to other instruments? <br> How do some people play the piano when they have never had structured lessons? |


|  | Students will be able to harmonize a simple melody with piano chords. |  |  |
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| Singing as an individual or in a small group. | Students will perform a solo or duet for their peers. <br> Students will build confidence as a solo performer so they can build confidence to continue as a life- long singer. | Taking risks can reap benefits. <br> Singing is a shared art form. <br> Singing is a life-long activity. | What are the challenges that occur when singing alone vs. part of a large group? <br> Do you have to be part of a choir to enjoy singing? <br> What are the joys and benefits of singing alone vs. singing in a choir? |
| Composition/ Improvisation | Students will write and apply music symbols and vocabulary to simple compositions that are centered around a major or minor key. <br> Students will write simple melodies within specified guidelines. <br> Students will improvise vocal melodies over common chord progressions using scat syllables. <br> Students will improvise harmonic vocal lines to existing melodies. | Students will understand the correlation between melody and harmony. <br> Students will understand that composing starts with improvisation | Why are people compelled to create/compose music? <br> What makes some songs "catchy"? <br> Why do some songs last long after a composer is gone? |


| Theory \& Sight Singing | Students will continue to grow musical knowledge in theory and vocabulary. <br> Students will understand and apply the rules of minor scales and key signatures. <br> Students will understand the use of harmony within chord structures <br> Students will continue to develop sightreading skills. | Chords are built by using specific members of a scale. <br> Chord qualities are determined by their intervallic patterns. (Major, minor, diminished, augmented) <br> The use of specific chords that underline a given melody can enhance or detract from the quality of the overall piece. | How does the sound of the tonal center change the emotional tenure of the piece? <br> How can songs sound so different and unique when they use the same 7 notes? |
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